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1	2.	(Amended) Use of the test as claimed in claim 1 wherein	
2	the method compris	se the steps of:	
2	۵)	taking a gamala from acab menticinant or material must be a	
	а)	taking a sample from each participant or potential participan	
4		in a clinical drug trial,	
. , 5	b)	screening the samples for the genetic basis of Gilbert's	
6		Syndrome,	
,, -		•	
7	c)	identifying such participants having the genetic basis of	
8		Gilbert's Syndrome, and	
9	d)	proceeding with the clinical drug trial based on the	
10		knowledge of such participants possessing or not possessing	
11		the genetic basis of Gilbert's Syndrome.	
	***************************************		
1	3.	(Twice Amended) Use of the test as claimed in claim 1	
2	wherein the sample	is chosen from blood, buccal smear or any other sample	
73/	containing DNA from the participants or potential participants.		
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1	4.	(Twice Amended) Use of the test as claimed in claim 1	
2	wherein the method	further comprises the step of eliminating participants having	
3	the genetic basis of	Gilbert's Syndrome from the clinical drug trial.	
	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 1 2 2 3 1 2	2 the method comprise 3 a) 4 5 b) 6 7 c) 8 9 d) 10 11 1 3. 2 wherein the sample 2 containing DNA fro 1 4. 2 wherein the method	

5. (Twice Amended) Use of the test as claimed in claim 1 wherein the method further comprises the step of selecting only participants having the genetic basis for Gilbert's Syndrome for the clinical drug trial.

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	1	6.	(Twice Amended) Use of the test as claimed in claim 1
	2	further comprising	the step of interpreting the results of the clinical drug trial
	3	based on the know	ledge that certain participants have the genetic basis of
	4	Gilbert's Syndrome	e as distinguished from participants adversely affected by the
	5	drug.	
$\mathcal{V}$	1	7.	(Twice Amended) Use of the test as claimed in claim 1
1	2	wherein the method	d comprises the steps of:
31/X	3	a)	isolating DNA from each sample,
	4	b)	amplifying the DNA inner region indicating the genetic basi
	5		for Gilbert's Syndrome,
	6	c)	isolating amplified DNA fragments, and
	7	d)	identifying participants having the genetic basis of Gilbert's
	8		Syndrome.
	1	8.	(Twice Amended) Use of the test as claimed in claim 7
	2	wherein the DNA	is amplified using the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) using
	3	a radioactively labe	eled pair of nucleotide primers.

9. (Twice Amended) Use of the test as claimed in claim 7

wherein the DNA region indicating the genetic basis of Gilbert's Syndrome is

the gene encoding UDP-glucuronosyltransferase (UGT).

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1 10. (Twice Amended) Use of the test as claimed in claim 7 wherein the DNA to be amplified is in an upstream promoter region of the UGT 2 1\*1 exon 1. 11. (Twice Amended) Use of the test as claimed in claims 7 wherein the DNA to be amplified includes the regions between -35 and -55 nucleotides at the 5' end of UGT 1\*1 exon. 1 12. (Twice Amended) A kit for screening participants or potential 2 participants in clinical drug trials, wherein the kit comprises primers for 3 amplifying DNA in the region of the genome indicating the genetic basis of Gilbert's Syndrome. 4 13. (Twice Amended) Primers for use of the test as claimed in 1 claim 1 including primer pairs, AB or CD as follows: 2 3 A/B: (A,5' - AAGTGAACTCCCTGCTACCTT-3' (SEQ ID NO:1), B,5' -CCACTGGATCAACAGTATCT-3' (SEQ ID NO:2) or 5 C/D: (C,5' -GTCACGTGACACAGTCAAAC-3' (SEQ ID NO:3); 6 D 5' -TTTGCTCCTGCCAGAGGTT-3' (SEO ID NO:4)).

## A. Brief Summary of the Present Invention

The present invention relates to a method for improving the efficacy of clinical drug trials. Specifically, the method of the present invention can be used to screen samples containing DNA from potential participants or